



Modern Automotive Technology Chapter 6

Automotive
Measurement and Math

*North Montco
Technical Career Center*





Chapter 6

Automotive Measurement and Math

- Describe standard and metric measuring systems
- Identify basic measuring tools
- Describe how to use basic measuring tools
- List safety rules for measuring tools
- Summarize basic math facts





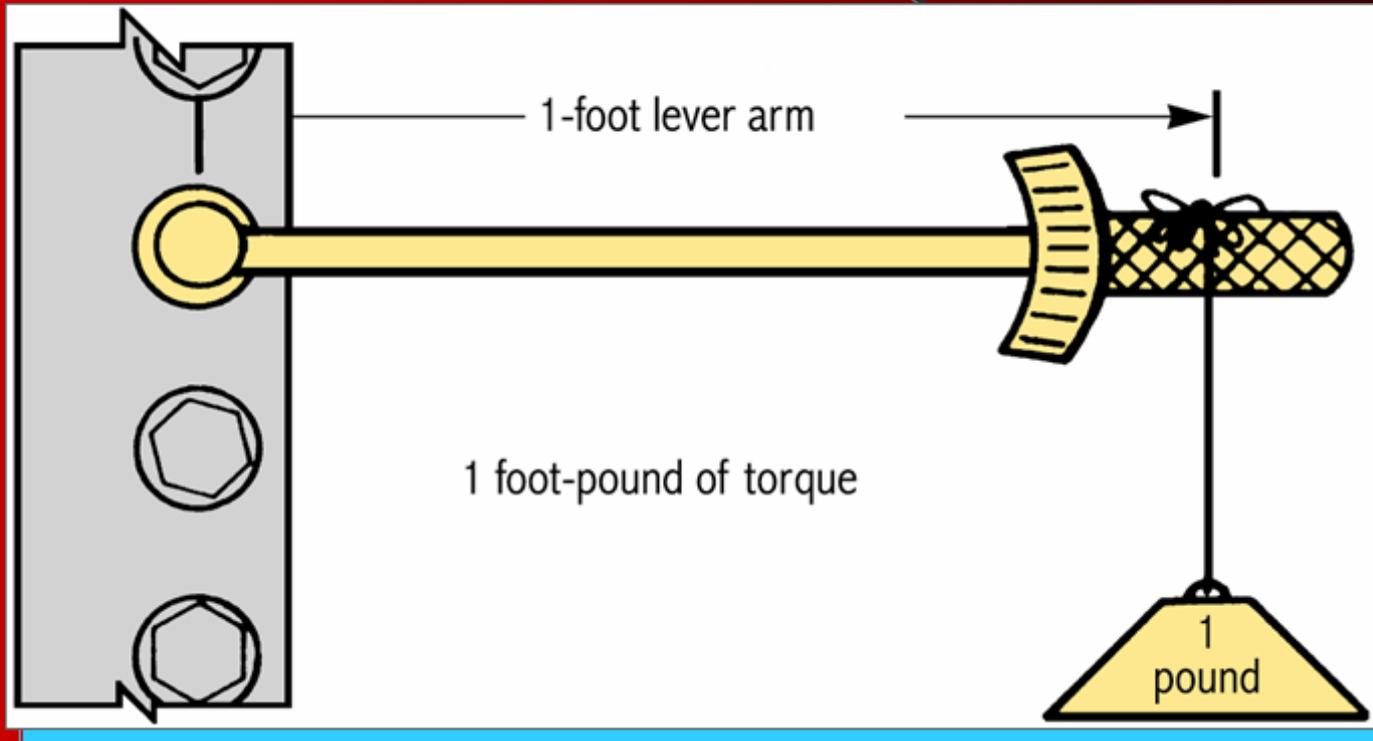
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1. A **TORQUE WRENCH** is used to apply a specific amount of turning force to a fastener.
2. A **VACUUM GAUGE** is commonly used to measure negative pressure or suction.



Torque Wrench Theory



One foot-pound equals one pound of pull on a
one-foot-long lever arm



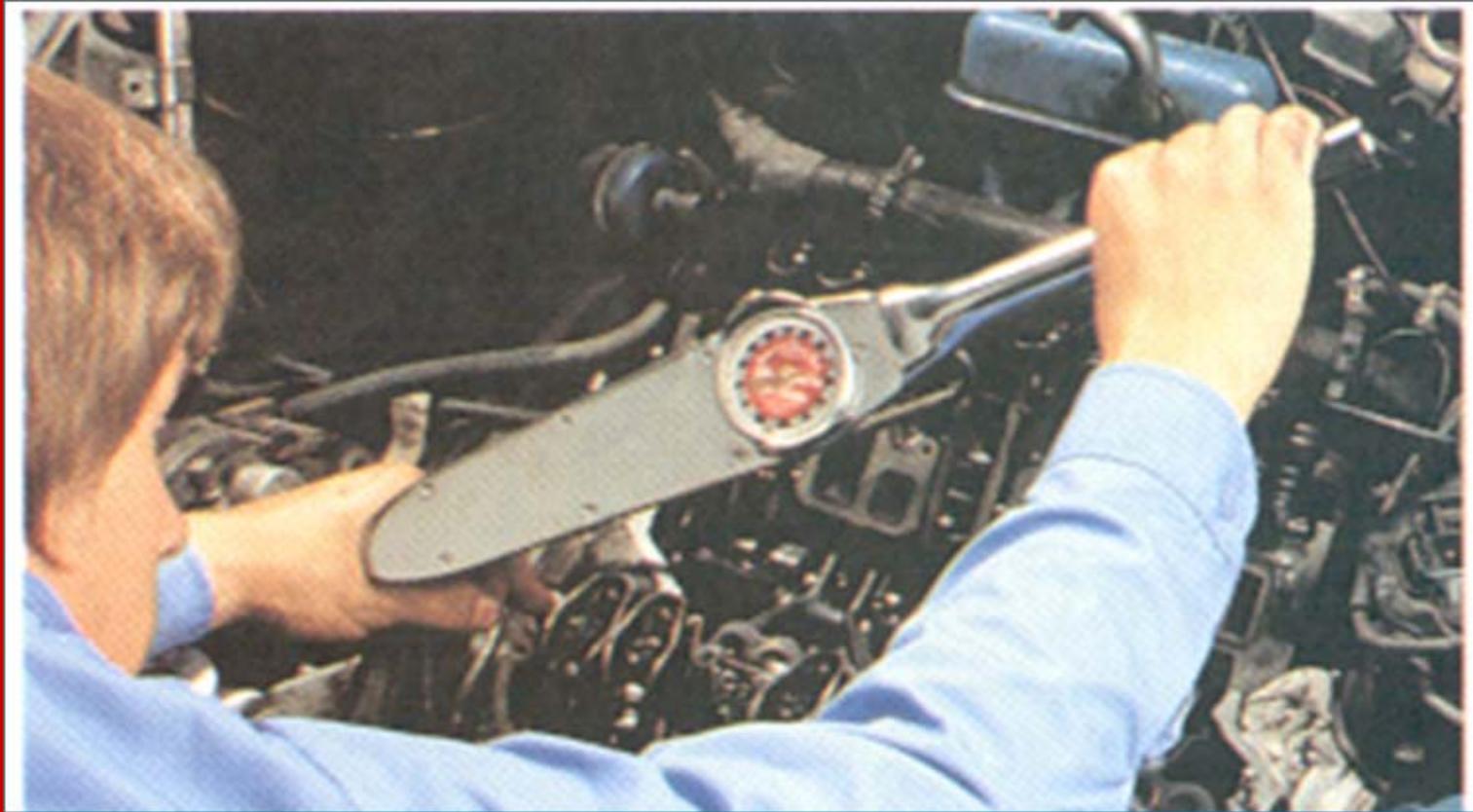
Flex Bar Torque Wrench



Uses a bending metal beam to make the pointer read torque on the scale



Dial Indicator Torque Wrench



Very accurate type of torque wrench



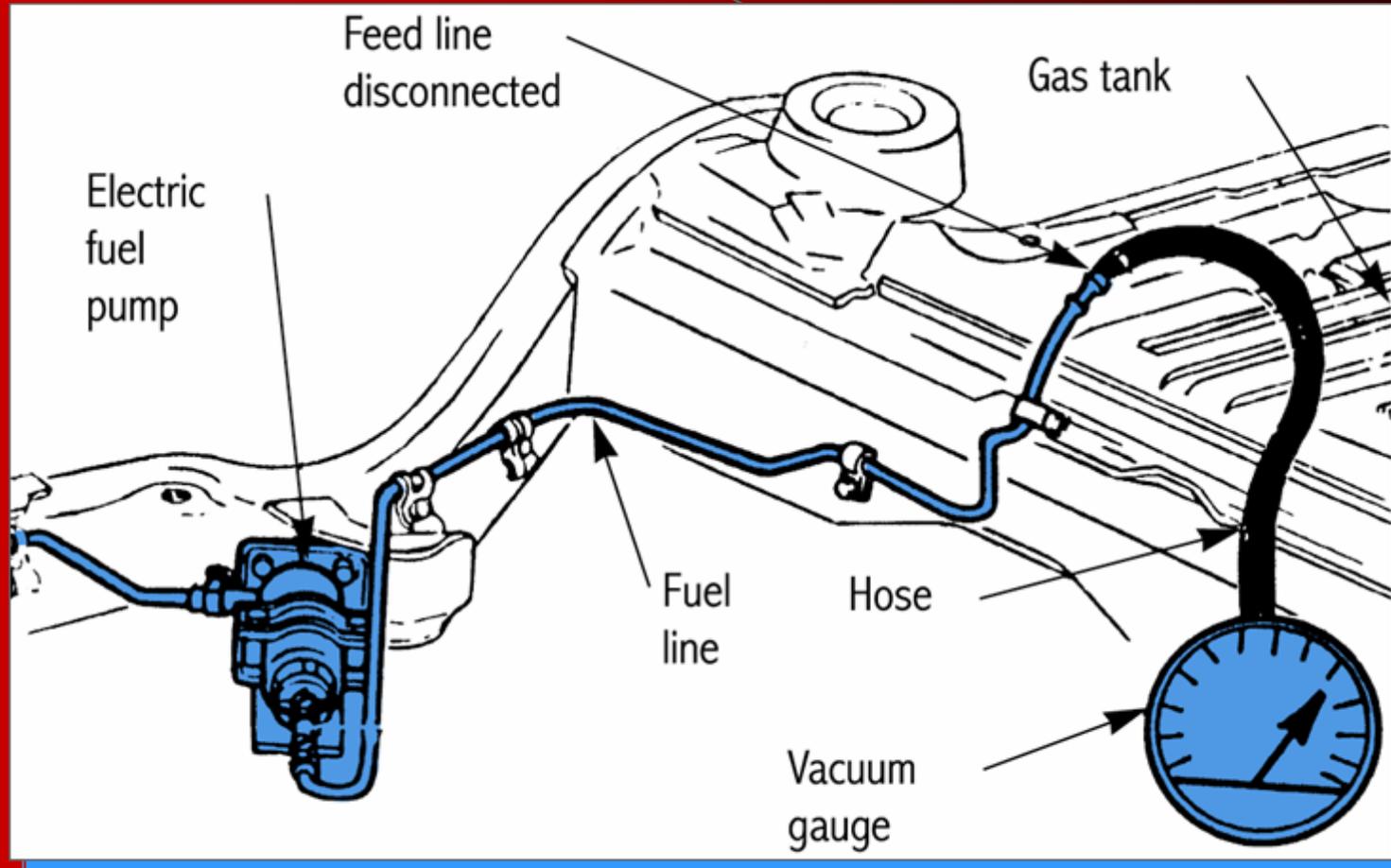
Ratcheting Torque Wrench



Torque value is set by turning the handle—
fastener is tightened until it clicks



Vacuum Test



Connect a vacuum gauge to the inlet - the negative pressure side of the pump





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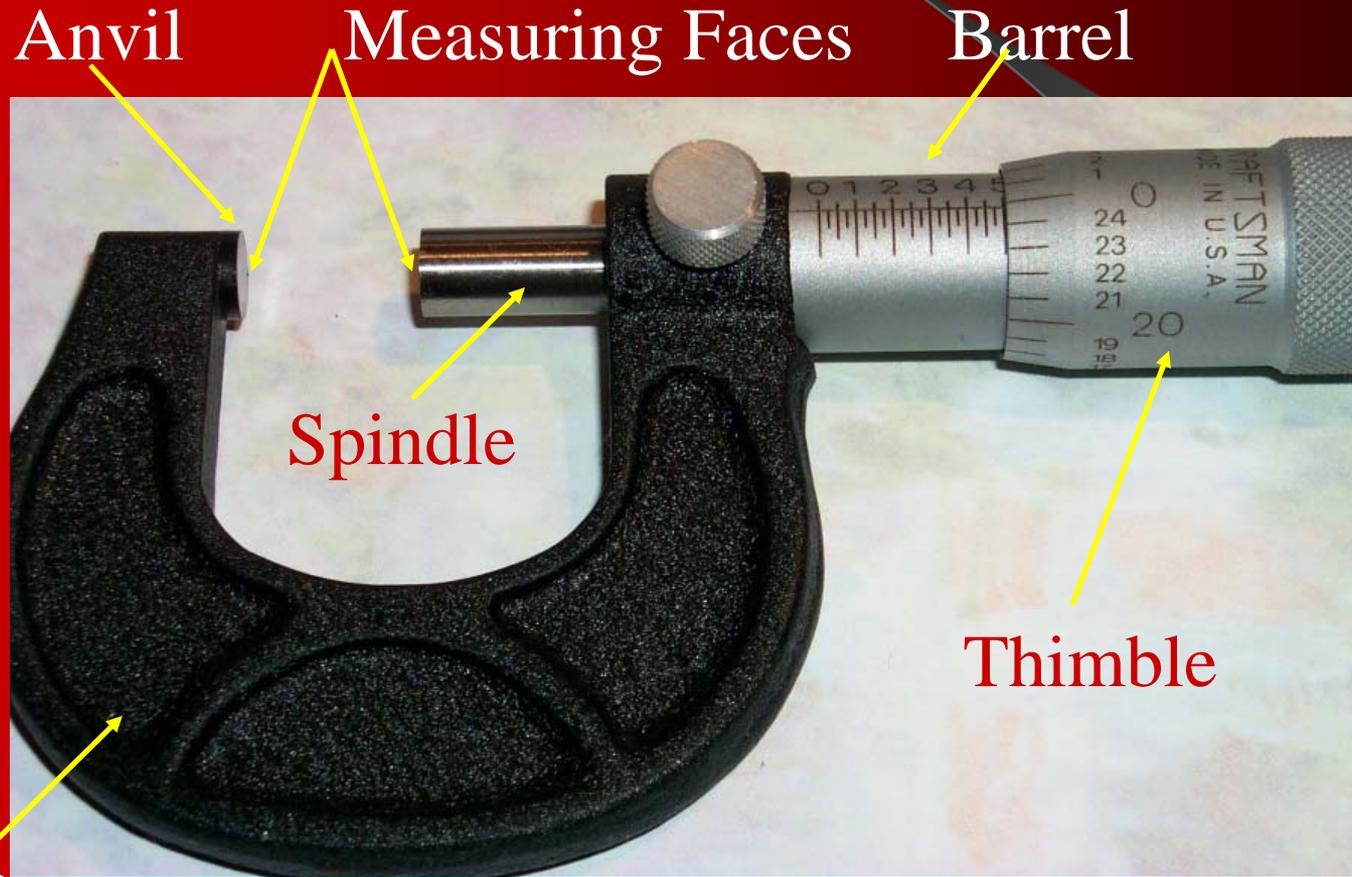
3. A **MICROMETER** can easily measure to one ten-thousandth of an inch.
4. A **FEELER GAUGE** is used to measure small clearances or gaps between parts.





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Frame

Spindle

Thimble

Parts of a Micrometer





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Each Blade of a Feeler Gauge is in .001 Increments





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5. A **DIAL INDICATOR** is used to measure part movement in thousandths of an inch.

6. The **CONVENTIONAL MEASURING SYSTEM** originated from sizes taken from the parts of the human body.

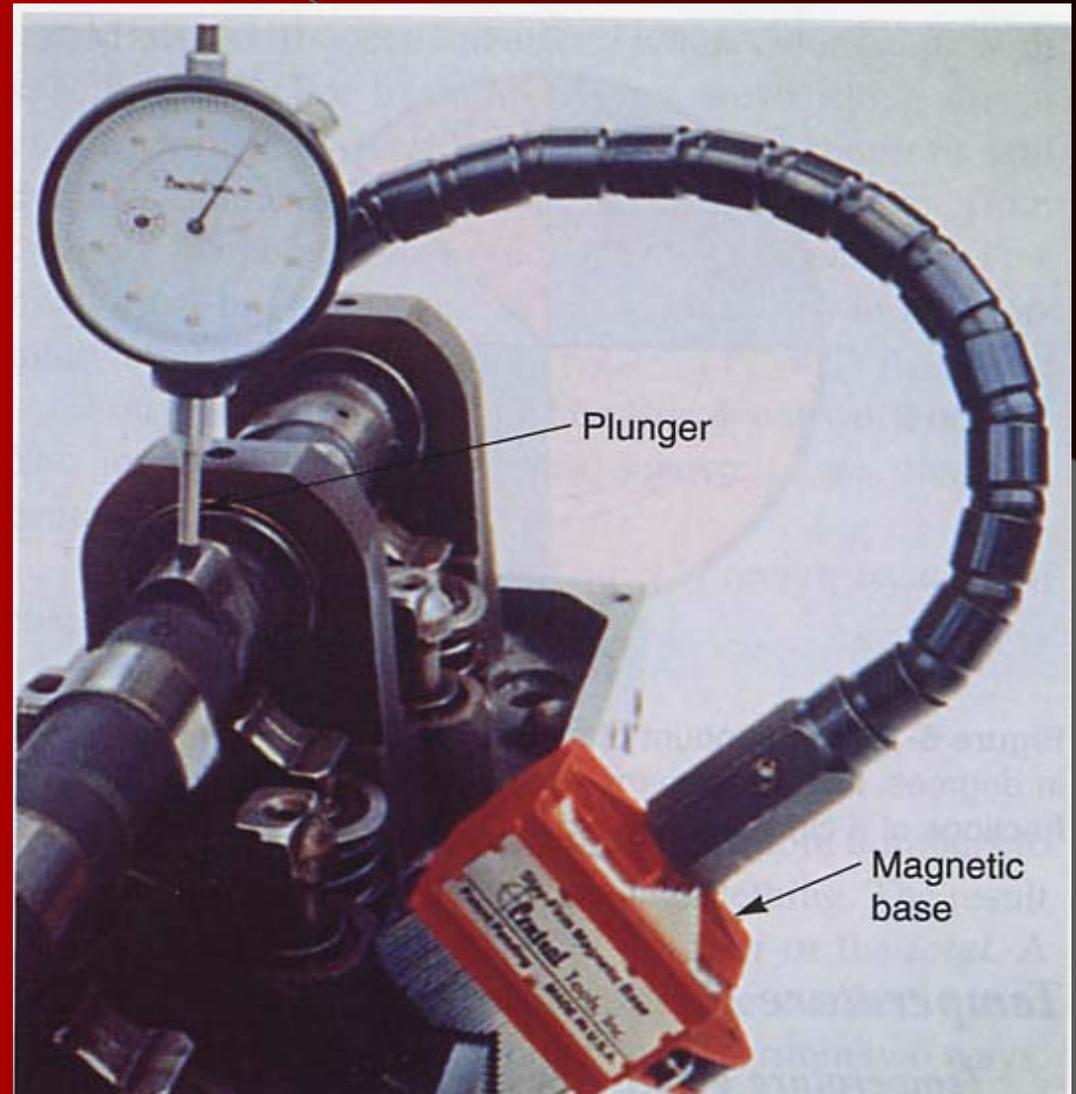




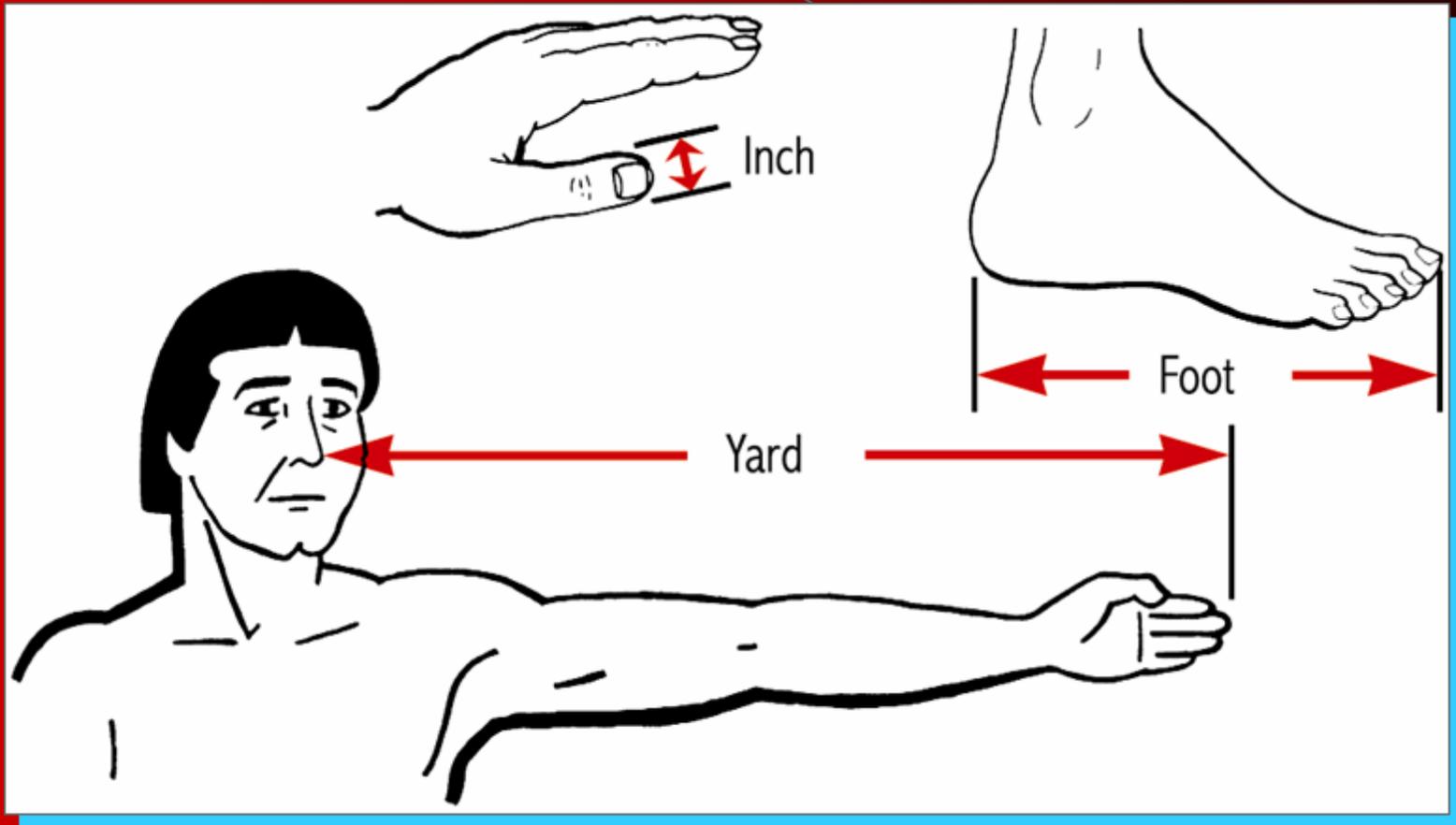
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Dial Indicator
Measures In
.001 Increments



Customary Measuring System



Originated from sizes taken from parts of the human body





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7. A **VERNIER CALIBER** can make inside, outside, and at times, depth measurements with considerable accuracy.
8. The **DECIMAL CONVERSION CHART** is used to interchange and find equal values for fractions, decimals, and millimeters.

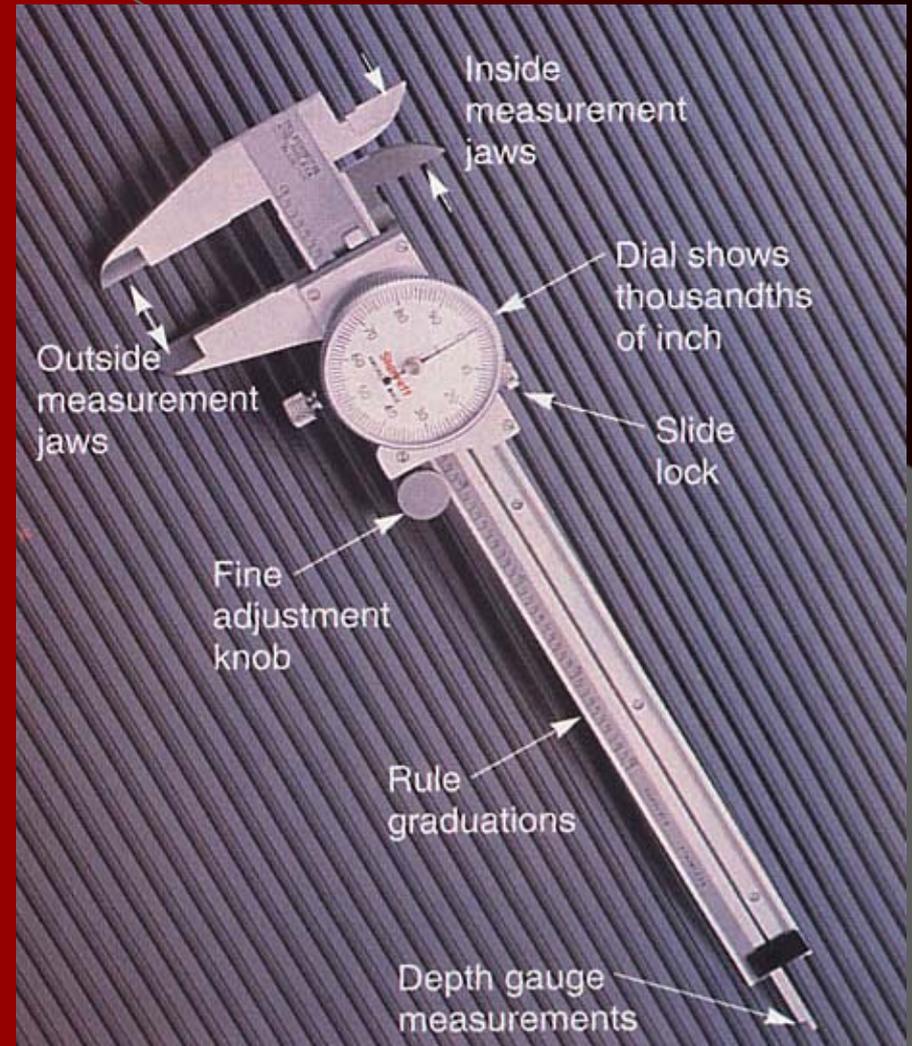
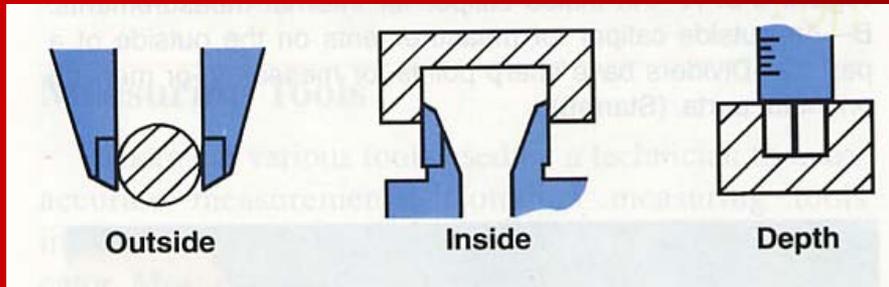




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Vernier Calipers:
Can Measure Outside,
Inside and Depth
Measurements



Decimal Conversion Chart

Fraction			Inches	mm
		1/64	.01563	.397
	1/32		.03125	.794
		3/64	.04688	1.191
1/16			.06250	1.588
		5/64	.07813	1.984
	3/32		.09375	2.381
		7/64	.10938	2.778
1/8			.12500	3.175
		9/64	.14063	3.572
	5/32		.15625	3.969
		11/64	.17188	4.366
3/16			.18750	4.763
		13/64	.20313	5.159
	7/32		.21875	5.556
		15/64	.23438	5.953
1/4			.25000	6.350
		17/64	.26563	6.747
	9/32		.28125	7.144
		19/64	.29688	7.541
5/16			.31250	7.938
		21/64	.32813	8.334
	11/32		.34375	8.731
		23/64	.35938	9.128
3/8			.37500	9.525
		25/64	.39063	9.922
	13/32		.40625	10.319
		27/64	.42188	10.716
7/16			.43750	11.113
		29/64	.45313	11.509
	15/32		.46875	11.906
		31/64	.48438	12.303
1/2			.50000	12.700

Fraction			Inches	mm
		33/64	.51563	13.097
	17/32		.53125	13.494
		35/64	.54688	13.891
9/16			.56250	14.288
		37/64	.57813	14.684
	19/32		.59375	15.081
		39/64	.60938	15.478
5/8			.62500	15.875
		41/64	.64063	16.272
	21/32		.65625	16.669
		43/64	.67188	17.066
11/16			.68750	17.463
		45/64	.70313	17.859
	23/32		.71875	18.256
		47/64	.73438	18.653
3/4			.75000	19.050
		49/64	.76563	19.447
	25/32		.78125	19.844
		51/64	.79688	20.241
13/16			.81250	20.638
		53/64	.82813	21.034
	27/32		.84375	21.431
		55/64	.85938	21.828
7/8			.87500	22.225
		57/64	.89063	22.622
	29/32		.90625	23.019
		59/64	.92188	23.416
15/16			.93750	23.813
		61/64	.95313	24.209
	31/32		.96875	24.606
		63/64	.98438	25.003
1			1.00000	25.400





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9. The **METRIC SYSTEM OF MEASUREMENT** uses a power of 10 for all basic units.
10. An **OUTSIDE CALIBER** can be used when making external measurements where $1/64$ " is sufficient.



Customary and Metric Values

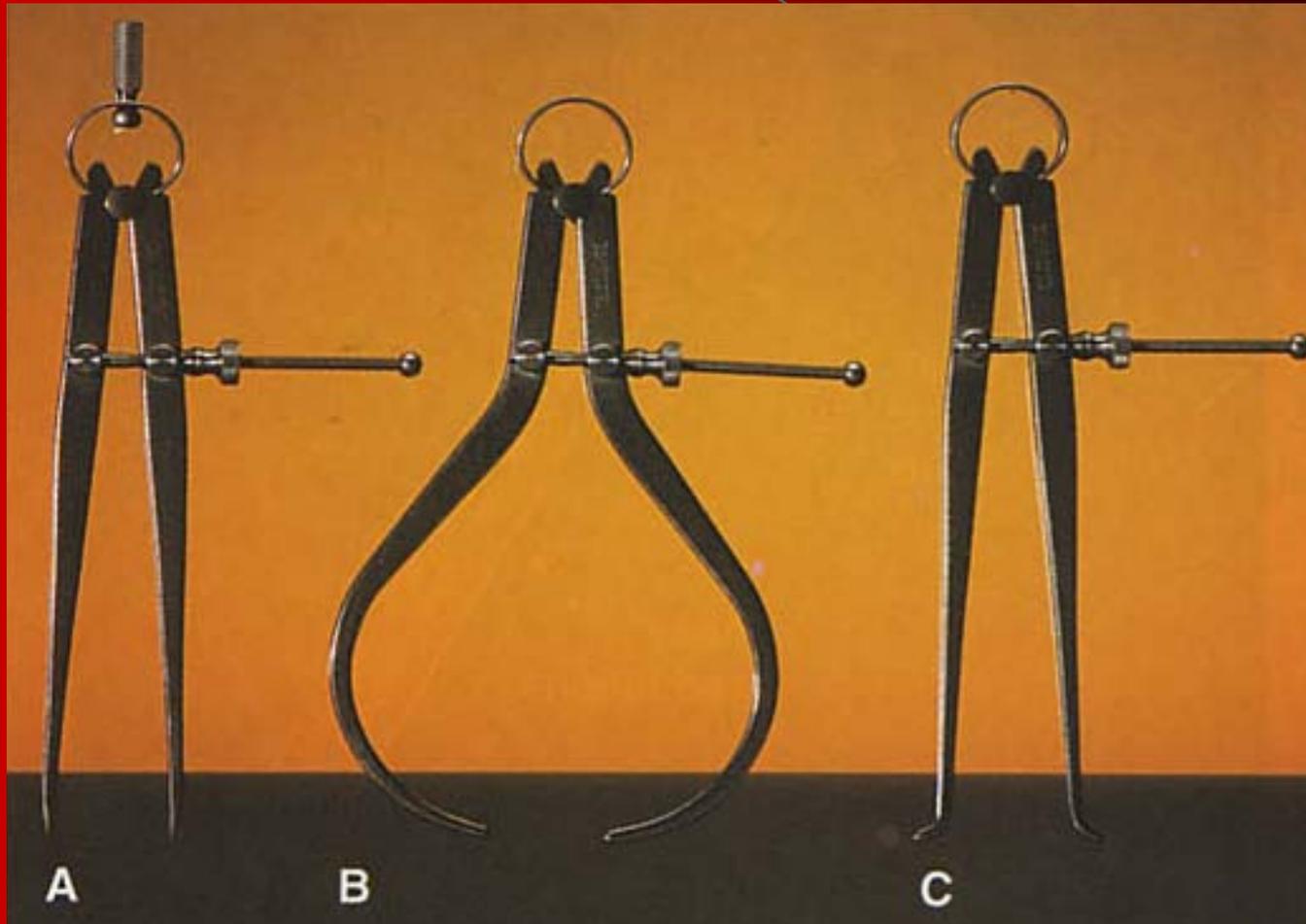
Quantity	Customary (abbreviation)	Metric (abbreviation)
Length	Inch (in) Foot (ft) Mile (mi)	Meter (m)
Weight (mass)	Ounce (oz) Pound (lb)	Kilogram (kg)
Area	Square inch (sq-in)	Square meter (m ²)
Dry volume	Cubic inch (cu-in)	Cubic meter (m ³) Cubic centimeter (cc)
Liquid volume	Ounce (oz) Pint (pt) Quart (qt) Gallon (gal)	Liter (L) Cubic centimeter (cc)
Road speed	Miles per hour (mph)	Kilometer per hour (km/h)
Torque	Foot-pounds (ft-lb)	Newton meter (N·m)
Power	Horsepower (hp)	Kilowatt (kW)
Pressure	Pounds per square inch (psi)	Kilopascal (kPa)
Temperature	Degrees fahrenheit (°F)	Degrees celsius (°C)





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A. Dividers B. Outside Calibers C. Inside Calibers





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